Triaging Acute Stroke

Patients with positive medical history and/or risk factors with the following symptoms and signs require IMMEDIATE assessment by the Triage Nurse or Charge Nurse for initiating the Stroke CCT:

PQRST Assessment

- P rovocation of current illness, symptoms, precipitating factors
- **Q** uality of symptoms
- **R** egion/radiation of problem
- S everity of symptoms
- **T** ime of onset

Patient complaint of (HPI):

- Sudden numbness, weakness or paralysis of the face, arm or leg
- □ Difficulty in speaking or understanding simple statements
- □ Decreased vision or transient blindness in one eye
- □ An episode of double vision
- □ Unexplained dizziness, loss of balance or sudden falls
- □ Sudden, severe headaches with no apparent cause
- □ Duration of symptoms < 8 hours

PMH:

Risk Factors:

- □ Stroke/TIA/VBI □ Recent MI
- □ Atrial Fibrillation Cardiomyopathy
- □ Recent head/necktrauma
- □ Valve prosthesis
- □ HTN
- DVT
- □ N/IDDM
- □ PVD
- □ Asthma/COPD
- □ Altered LOC
- □ SBE
- □ Thrombophlebitis
- □ Migraine H/A
- □ Wrestler
- □ Cocaine/crack use
- □ Chiropractor visit

- - □ Obesity
 - □ Family Hx
 - □ High Cholesterol/Lipids
 - □ Drug use: Coumadin/anticoagulants, birth control pills,
 - noncompliance w/Rx □ ETOH/Substance Abuse: Cocaine, diet pills, smoking

Cranial nerves: eye signs/movements, speech musculature, protective reflexes

□ Impaired Visual Acuity: impaired vision in one or both visual

Have patient follow your finger to both sides; note when they can no longer see your finger

□ Dysphagia:

Have patient smile and assess for symmetry; any drooling, swallow reflex

Vital signs

Monitor: BP, pulse pressure, heart rate/rhythm, respirations, rectal temperature, carotid bruit Observe for: Hypertension (especially SBP), alteration in respiratory pattern (Cushing's triad - SBP, HR, abnormal RR), A-fib If recent head trauma: area(s) of ecchymosis/abrasions (Battle's/Raccoon signs); cerebrospinal fluid leaks (nasal discharge, ear)

Glasgow Coma Scale (assess and circle appropriate response)

Rule out hypoglycemia, intoxication, hypovolemia, hypothermia:

Eye Opening	Spontaneous	4	
	To Voice		3
	To Pain		2
	None		1
Best Verbal Response	Oriented	5	
	Confused, speaks but is disoriented		4
	Inappropriate but comprehensible words		3
	Incomprehensible sounds/unrecognizable words		2
	No sounds		1
Best Motor Response ** refers to upper extremities only	Obeys command to move	6	
	Localizes painful stimulus		5
	Withdraws from painful stimulus		4
	Flexion, abnormal decorticate posturing		3
	Extension, abnormal decerebrate posturing		2
	No movement, no posturing		1
TOTAL SCORE			

(< 8 = major impaired consciousness, 9-12 = moderate impairment)